

## EYFS progression - links to Geography

Relevant Early Learning Goals	KS1 National Curriculum Objective - Geography
Understanding the World: People, Culture and Communities  • Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. • Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.  Understanding the World: The Natural World • Know some similarities and	Geography Pupils should develop knowledge about the world, the United Kingdom and their locality. They should understand basic subject-specific vocabulary relating to human and physical geography and begin to use geographical skills, including first-hand observations, to enhance their locational awareness.  Pupils should be taught to: Locational Knowledge  • Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.  • Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.  Place Knowledge  • Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and a small area in a contrasting non-European country.  Human and Physical Knowledge
	<ul> <li>Human and Physical Knowledge</li> <li>Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the equator and the North and South Poles.</li> <li>Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: <ul> <li>Key physical features, including beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.</li> <li>Key human features, including city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Geographical Skills and Fieldwork <ul> <li>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studies at this key sage.</li> <li>Use simple compass directions (North, South, East, West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.</li> <li>Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.</li> <li>Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Skill	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
People, Culture and Communities	To know the name of the town where they live.		To talk about the importance of water and trees in our world	To know that there are different countries in the world Draw information from a simple map  Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live	To talk about the importance of plants and animals  To explain why litter can spoil the environment	To talk about the importance of water and trees in our world
The Natural World	To ask questions about the natural environment.  To respect and care for the natural environments	To know about and recognise the signs of Autumn  To know about features of the world and Earth	To know about and recognise the signs of Winter  To know some important processes and changes in the natural world including states of matter	To know about and recognise the signs of Spring  To know about features of my own immediate environment and how they might vary from another  To plant seeds	To observe the growth of seeds and talk about changes  To know how to care for growing plants  To learn about life cycles of plants and animals  To know categories of different animals  To know about different habitats Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries	To know about and recognise the signs of Summer  To know that some things in the world are man-made and some things are natural  To harvest grown fruit and vegetables  To identify animals from around and know basic information about them (e.g. where they live) Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments
Early Learning Goals	<ul> <li>Explore the natural v</li> <li>Know some similariti</li> <li>and what has been rea</li> </ul>	diate environment using vorld around them, mal es and differences betw d in class;	it will: g knowledge from observa king observations and dra veen the natural world ar changes in the natural wo	wing pictures of animals ound them and contrast	and plants; ing environments, drawi	ng on their experiences