

EYFS progression - links to Science

Relevant Early Learning Goals	KS1 National Curriculum Objective - Science
Understanding the World: The Natural World Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Working Scientifically During year 1 and 2, pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content. Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Observing closely, using simple equipment. Performing simple tests. Identifying and classifying. Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. Plants Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Animals, Including Humans Identify and name a variety of common animals, including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. Describe and compare the structure of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets.) Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Everyday Materials Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock. Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Seasonal Change Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical feature

Skill	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
The Natural World	To ask questions about the natural environment. To respect and care for the natural environments	To know about and recognise the signs of Autumn To know about features of the world and Earth	To know about and recognise the signs of Winter To know some important processes and changes in the natural world including states of matter	To know about and recognise the signs of Spring To know about features of my own immediate environment and how they might vary from another To plant seeds	To observe the growth of seeds and talk about changes To know how to care for growing plants To learn about life cycles of plants and animals To know categories of different animals To know about different habitats Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries	To know about and recognise the signs of Summer To know that some things in the world are man-made and some things are natural To harvest grown fruit and vegetables To identify animals from around and know basic information about them (e.g. where they live) Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments	
Early Learning Goals	Children at the expected level of development will: • Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants; • Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experience and what has been read in class; • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter						